REFERENCE COUNT:

21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:38:54 ON 30 OCT 2006)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:39:14 ON 30 OCT 2006

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 6 S L1

L3 57 S L1 FULL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:40:56 ON 30 OCT 2006

L4 38 S L3

=> d l1

=>

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

STM- Structure Search 10/30/06

10/527,193

=> d ibib abs hitstr 1-38

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:769177 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:180928

TITLE:

Human neutrophil α -defensin 4 inhibition of

HIV-1

INVENTOR(S):

Lu, Wuyuan; Cocchi, Fiorenza; Wu, Zhibin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 7pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006172945	A1	20060803	US 2006-347538	20060203
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2005-649873P P	20050203

AB A method to reduce replication of HIV-1, involving administering a therapeutically effective amount of recombinant HNP4 to a subject in need thereof to combat HIV-1 infection. The HNP4 agent may be utilized in pharmaceutical compns. including a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and an anti-viral agent, e.g., an anti-viral agent, or combination of such agents, such as nucleoside RT inhibitors, CCR5 inhibitors/antagonists, viral entry inhibitors, and functional analogs thereof.

IT 461443-59-4, AK602

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(human neutrophil α -defensin 4 inhibition of HIV-1)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:676597 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:117362

TITLE:

Compositions for down-regulation of CCR5 expression

and methods of use thereof

INVENTOR(S):

Redfield, Robert R.; Amoroso, Anthony; Davis, Charles

E.; Heredia, Alonso

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

University of Maryland Biotechnology Institute, USA

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 35 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: USXXCO

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT 1	NO.			KIN)	DATE		1	APPL	ICAT:	ION I	. 00		D	ATE	
US	2006	1548	- <i></i> 57		A1	-	2006	0713	1	US 2	005-	2811	95	-	_	0051	
	2005						2005) 2006)		ı	WO 2	004-1	JS15	681		20	00409	517
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	RW:						MW, RU,										
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ORITY	APP	•	•						1	JS 2	003-4	4714	53P	1	P 20	0030	516

PRIO

WO 2004-US15681 A2 20040517

The present invention relates to the downregulation of surface receptor AB CCR5 expression through manipulation of the cell cycle in activated lymphocytes by administering a composition that arrests the G1 phase of the cell cycle, thereby reducing receptor sites for entry of HIV into T cells, and thus, the effects of HIV. Further, compns. are disclosed that include at least one G1 phase arresting agent and at least one antiviral agent, wherein the combination of agents synergistically enhances the activity of the antiviral agent.

IT 461443-59-4, AK602

> RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(compns. for down-regulation of CCR5 expression by arresting G1 phase of cell cycle of activated lymphocytes and decreasing HIV virus entry and combination with other antiviral agents)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 3 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:578211 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:62897

TITLE:

Preparation of spirotropane compounds and therapeutic use as modulators of chemokine receptor activity

INVENTOR (S):

Chan Chun Kong, Laval; Moinet, Christophe; Courchesne,

Marc; Vaillancourt, Louis; Blais, Charles; Bubenik,

Monica

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Virochem Pharma Inc., Can. PCT Int. Appl., 145 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ______ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ 20060615 WO 2005-CA1878 20051209 WO 2006060919 A1 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2004-634266P Ρ 20041209 US 2005-693051P P 20050623

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 145:62897

GI

$$N = R^{1}$$

$$R^{2}$$

$$R^{2}$$

$$R^{3}$$

$$R^{4}$$

AB Spiro compds. according to formula (I) are claimed: wherein R1 = NR7R9; R2 = (un)substituted C1-10 alkyl, C2-10 alkenyl, 3-10 membered heterocycle, etc.; R3 = H, (un) substituted C1-10 alkyl or C6-12 aryl; R7 = H, (un) substituted C1-10 alkyl, C2-10 alkenyl, C2-10 alkynyl; R9 = H or (un) substituted C1-10-alkyl; and ring A represents a 5 or 6 membered heteroring substituted once or twice with a keto substituent. These compds. and their pharmaceutical acceptable salts are used in combinations or in pharmaceutical compns. and are useful in the modulation of CCR5 chemokine receptor activity (no data given). I are useful in the prevention or treatment of certain inflammatory diseases, immunoregulatory diseases, organ transplantation reactions and in the prevention and treatment of infectious diseases such as HIV infections. Preparation of I is exemplified. For example, II was prepared from 4,4difluorocyclohexanecarboxylic acid ((S)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)amide and 3-(4-methanesulfonylbenzyl)bicyclo[3.2.1]-1 α ,3,8triazaspiro[4.5]dodecan-2,4-dione hydrochloride (preparation given).

IT 461443-59-4, GW873140

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(addn1. therapeutic agent; preparation of spirotropane compds. and therapeutic use as modulators of chemokine receptor activity)

461443-59-4 CAPLUS RN

Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-CN dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 4 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L4

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:558325 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:62894

TITLE:

Preparation of spirotropane compounds and methods for

the modulation of chemokine receptor activity to block

cellular entry of HIV

INVENTOR(S):

Chan Chun Kong, Laval; Moinet, Christophe; Courchesne,

Marc; Vaillancourt, Louis; Bubenik, Monica

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Virochem Pharma Inc., Can.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 153 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	rent	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION 1	NO.		D	ATE	
WO	2006	0609	 18		A1	_	2006	0615		WO 2	005-	CA18	 77		2	0051	209
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	.BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,
		ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,
		MZ,	NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,
		SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UΑ,	ŪĠ,	US,	UZ,	VC,
		VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW											
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		IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,
		GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NΑ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
		KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM										
RITY	APP	LN.	INFO	.:						US 2	004-	6342	57P	1	P 20	0041	209
R SC	URCE	(S):			MAR	PAT	145:	62894	4								

PRIOR

OTHER SOURCE(S):

AB Compds. according to formula I (wherein the R1= (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R2 = H, cycloalkylcarbonyl, ester, etc.; and A = a 5 or 6 membered heteroring involving a nitrogen or oxygen atom and one or two keto substituent) are claimed. These compds. and their pharmaceutical acceptable salt are used in combinations or pharmaceutical compns. and are useful in modulation of CCR5 chemokine receptor activity and blocking cellular entry of HIV (no biol. data given). Preparation of I is exemplified. For example, II was prepared from 3-(4-methanesulfonylbenzyl)bicyclo[3.2.1]-1a,3,8-triazaspiro[4.5]dodecan-2,4-dione hydrochloride (preparation given) and (3R,4S)-3-formyl-4-phenylpyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-Bu ester (preparation given).

IT 461443-59-4, GW873140

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(addnl. therapeutic agent; preparation of spirotropane compds. and methods for modulation of chemokine receptor activity to block cellular entry of HIV)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:542321 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:481019

TITLE:

Method for treating HIV infection through co-administration of tipranavir and GW873140

INVENTOR(S):

Kraft, Michael Friedrich; Mayers, Douglas Lytle

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Boehringer Ingelheim International G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 11 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	ENT I	NO.			KINI)	DATE		i	APPL:	ICAT:	ION 1	10.		D	ATE	
	WO	2006	0601	- <i></i> -		A1		2006	0608	1	WO 2	005-t	JS41	757		20	0051	L17
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	KΡ,	KR,
			ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,
			ΜZ,	NA,	NG,	ΝI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,
	SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,													UG,	US,	UΖ,	VC,	
•	VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW																	
	RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB														GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
	IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,														SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
			CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,
			GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NΑ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
			KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM										
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		and (GW87	3140)														
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Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:479520 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:327740

TITLE:

Evaluation of the drug interaction potential of aplaviroc, a novel human immunodeficiency virus entry inhibitor, using a modified Cooperstown 5 + 1 cocktail

Johnson, Brendan M.; Song, Ivy H.; Adkinson, Kimberly AUTHOR (S):

K.; Borland, Julie; Fang, Lei; Lou, Yu; Berrey, M. Michelle; Nafziger, Anne M.; Piscitelli, Stephen C.;

Bertino, Joseph S., Jr.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

GlaxoSmithKline, Research Triangle Park, NC, USA Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (2006), 46(5),

577-587

CODEN: JCPCBR; ISSN: 0091-2700

PUBLISHER:

Sage Publications

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

Aplaviroc is a novel CCR5 antagonist, a class of compds. under investigation as viral entry inhibitors for the treatment of human immunodeficiency virus infection. A modified Cooperstown 5+1 cocktail was used to assess the drug interaction potential of aplaviroc. Fifteen healthy subjects were administered single oral doses of caffeine (CYP1A2), warfarin (CYP2C9), omeprazole (CYP2C19), dextromethorphan (CYP2D6), and midazolam (CYP3A) alone (reference treatment) and during steady-state administration of aplaviroc (400 mg every 12 h, test treatment). Metabolite-to-parent area under the plasma concentration vs. time curve (AUC) ratios (paraxanthine/caffeine and 5-hydroxyomeprazole/omeprazole), oral clearance (S-warfarin), AUC (midazolam), and metabolite-to-parent urinary excretion ratio (dextrorphan/dextromethorphan) were determined The test-to-reference treatment ratios (geometric mean ratio and 90% confidence interval) were caffeine, 1.06 (0.97-1.17); S-warfarin, 0.93 (0.76-1.15); omeprazole, 1.07 (0.98-1.16); dextromethorphan, 1.17 (0.97-1.42); midazolam, 1.30 (1.04-1.63). No significant inhibition of CYP1A2, CYP2C9, CYP2C19, or CYP2D6 enzyme activity was observed Mild inhibition of CYP3A isoenzymes should not preclude the use of concomitant CYP3A substrates in future clin. studies with aplaviroc.

IT 461443-59-4, Aplaviroc

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (aplaviroc was well tolerated in healthy subjects, did not inhibit CYP1A2, CYP2C9, CYP2C19, CYP2D6 enzyme activity, while inhibition of CYP3A isoenzymes was mild evident)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[((3R)-1-butyl-3-((R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-CN dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 7 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:396751 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:466332

TITLE:

Structural and Molecular Interactions of CCR5

Inhibitors with CCR5

AUTHOR (S):

Maeda, Kenji; Das, Debananda; Ogata-Aoki, Hiromi; Nakata, Hirotomo; Miyakawa, Toshikazu; Tojo, Yasushi;

Norman, Rachael; Takaoka, Yoshikazu; Ding, Jianping;

Arnold, Gail F.; Arnold, Eddy; Mitsuya, Hiroaki

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Hematology and Department of Infectious

Diseases, Kumamoto University Graduate School of Medical and Pharmaceutical Sciences, Kumamoto,

860-8556, Japan

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (2006), 281(18),

12688-12698

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER: American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The authors have characterized the structural and mol. interactions of AB CC-chemokine receptor 5 (CCR5) with three CCR5 inhibitors active against R5 human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) including the potent in vitro and in vivo CCR5 inhibitor aplaviroc (AVC). The data obtained with saturation binding assays and structural analyses delineated the key interactions responsible for the binding of CCR5 inhibitors with CCR5 and illustrated that their binding site is located in a predominantly lipophilic pocket in the interface of extracellular loops and within the upper transmembrane (TM) domain of CCR5. Mutations in the CCR5 binding sites of AVC decreased gp120 binding to CCR5 and the susceptibility to HIV-1 infection, although mutations in TM4 and TM5 that also decreased gp120 binding and HIV-1 infectivity had less effects on the binding of CC-chemokines, suggesting that CCR5 inhibition targeting appropriate regions might render the inhibition highly HIV-1-specific while preserving the CC chemokine-CCR5 interactions. The present data delineating residue by residue interactions of CCR5 with CCR5 inhibitors should not only help design more potent and more HIV-1-specific CCR5 inhibitors, but also give new insights into the dynamics of CC-chemokine-CCR5 interactions and the mechanisms of CCR5 involvement in the process of cellular entry of HIV-1. IT 461443-59-4, Aplaviroc

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(structural and mol. interactions of CCR5 inhibitors with CCR5)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:254138 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:201842

TITLE: Development of a novel dual CCR5-dependent and

CXCR4-dependent cell-cell fusion assay system with

inducible gp160 expression

AUTHOR(S): Ji, Changhua; Zhang, Jun; Cammack, Nick; Sankuratri,

Surya

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Viral Diseases, Roche Palo Alto, Palo Alto, CA, USA Journal of Biomolecular Screening (2006), 11(1), 65-74

CODEN: JBISF3; ISSN: 1087-0571

PUBLISHER:

Sage Publications

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

SOURCE:

LANGUAGE:

English

In the current study, a novel coreceptor-specific cell-cell fusion (CCF) assay system is reported. The system possesses the following features: dual CCR5-dependent and CXCR4-dependent CCF assays, all stable cell lines, inducible expression of gp160 to minimize cytotoxicity, robust luciferase reporter, and 384-well format. These assays have been validated using various known HIV entry inhibitors targeting various stages of the HIV entry/fusion process, including fusion inhibitors, gp120 inhibitors, CCR5 antagonists, CCR5 antibodies, and CXCR4 antagonists. IC50 data generated from this assay system were well correlated to that from the antiviral assays. The effects of DMSO on this assay system were assessed, and a 2to 3-fold increase in luciferase activity was observed in the presence of 0.05% to 2% DMSO. Although cell-cell fusion efficiency was enhanced, no changes in drug response kinetics for entry inhibitors were found in the presence of 0.1% or 0.5% DMSO. This assay system has been successfully used for the identification and characterization of thousands of CCR5 inhibitors.

461443-59-4, GW873140 TΤ

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (GW873140 inhibited CCR5-dependent cell-cell fusion assays in HeLa-R5 and HeLa-X4 cell lines)

461443-59-4 CAPLUS RN

Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 45 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ANSWER 9 OF 38

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:117207 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:213021

Preparation of pseudopeptide phosphate prodrugs of HIV TITLE:

protease inhibitors

Degoey, David A.; Flosi, William J.; Grampovnik, David INVENTOR(S):

J.; Klein, Larry L.; Kempf, Dale J.; Wang, Xiu C.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Abbott Laboratories, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 112 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

DATE

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WO 2005-US23047
                                                                                20050629
                                      20060209
     WO 2006014282
                              A2
                              Α3
                                      20060511
     WO 2006014282
              AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
               CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
               GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ,
               LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK,
               SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU,
               ZA, ZM, ZW
          RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
               IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF,
               CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG,
               KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
                                                    US 2004-585710P
                                                                            P 20040706
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                             CASREACT 144:213021; MARPAT 144:213021
OTHER SOURCE(S):
GI
```

The invention discloses compds. A-L1-L2-OPO3H2 (L1 is a bond, CO or CO2; L2 is (CR1R2)1-5, where R1, R2 are H or alkyl; A is a pseudopeptide moiety, e.g., I, attached through its oxygen atom), as well as their alkyl or arylalkyl esters, metal or quaternary ammonium salts, for use as prodrugs of HIV protease inhibitors. Thus, disodium N1-[(1S,3S,4S)-1-benzyl-5-phenyl-3-[(phosphonatooxy)methoxy]-4-[[(1,3-thiazol-5-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]pentyl]-N2-[[(2-isopropyl-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl](methyl)amino]carbonyl]-L-valinamide was prepared from the alc. (I-H) by treatment with Me sulfide and benzoyl peroxide in acetonitrile to form the 3-[(methylthio)methoxy] derivative, which was treated with phosphoric acid, mol. sieves and N-iodosuccinimide in THF and then with Na2S2O3 and Na2CO3.

IT 461443-59-4, GW873140

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (preparation of pseudopeptide phosphate prodrugs of HIV protease inhibitors) 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

Ι

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 10 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:1256967 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:368023

TITLE:

CCR5: a target for therapeutic intervention of HIV-1

infection

AUTHOR (S):

Mitsuya, Hiroaki

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. of Infectious Diseases, Dep. of Hematology, School of Medicine, Kumamoto University, Japan

Jikken Igaku (2005), 23(17), 2726-2731

SOURCE:

CODEN: JIIGEF; ISSN: 0288-5514

Yodosha

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

AB A review on human immunodeficiency virus-1 (HIV-1) invasion inhibitors and chemokine receptor antagonists, discussing (1) gp41 targeted inhibitors T-20 and T-1249 and CD4 binding inhibitors PRO542 and TNX-355 and anti-CXCR4 agents, (2) CCR5 antagonists maraviroc, aplaviroc, vicraviroc and TAK-652 and (3) structural anal. of CCR5 and CCR5 antagonist binding. IT

461443-59-4, AK602

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(CCR5 as a target for therapeutic intervention of HIV-1 infection)

RΝ 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 11 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:1131007 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:141709

TITLE: AUTHOR (S):

SOURCE:

Emerging drug targets for antiretroviral therapy

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Reeves, Jacqueline D.; Piefer, Andrew J. Department of Microbiology, University of

Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA, USA

Drugs (2005), 65(13), 1747-1766

PUBLISHER:

CODEN: DRUGAY; ISSN: 0012-6667

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Adis International Ltd. Journal; General Review

REFERENCE COUNT:

222 THERE ARE 222 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:1016895 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:415586

TITLE:

G-Protein-Coupled Receptor Affinity Prediction Based

on the Use of a Profiling Dataset: QSAR Design,

Synthesis, and Experimental Validation

AUTHOR(S):

Rolland, Catherine; Gozalbes, Rafael; Nicolaie, Eric;

Paugam, Marie-France; Coussy, Laurent; Barbosa,

Frederique; Horvath, Dragos; Revah, Frederic

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Cerep, Rueil-Malmaison, 92500, Fr.

SOURCE:

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2005), 48(21),

6563-6574

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AB A QSAR model accounting for "average" G-protein-coupled receptor (GPCR) binding was built from a large set of exptl. standardized binding data (1939 compds. systematically tested over 40 different GPCRs) and applied to the design of a library of "GPCR-predicted" compds. Three hundred and sixty of these compds. were randomly selected and tested in 21 GPCR binding assays. Positives were defined by their ability to inhibit by more than 70% the binding of reference compds. at 10 μM. A 5.5-fold enrichment in positives was observed when comparing the "GPCR-predicted" compds. with 600 randomly selected compds. predicted as "non-GPCR" from a general collection. The model was efficient in predicting strongest binders, since enrichment was greater for higher cutoffs. Significant enrichment was also observed for peptidic GPCRs and receptors not included to develop the QSAR model, suggesting the usefulness of the model to design ligands binding with newly identified GPCRs, including orphan ones.

IT 868056-95-5

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(QSAR design, synthesis, and exptl. validation of G-protein-coupled receptor affinity prediction based on use of a profiling dataset)

RN 868056-95-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[1-butyl-3-(cyclohexylhydroxymethyl)-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 26 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 13 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:958485 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:100402

TITLE:

Antiviral activity and safety of 873140, a novel CCR5

antagonist, during short-term monotherapy in

HIV-infected adults

AUTHOR (S):

Lalezari, Jacob; Thompson, Melanie; Kumar, Priny; Piliero, Peter; Davey, Richard; Patterson, Kristine; Shachoy-Clark, Anne; Adkison, Kimberly; Demarest, James; Lou, Yu; Berrey, Michelle; Piscitelli, Stephen

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Ouest Clinical Research, San Francisco, CA, USA

AIDS (Hagerstown, MD, United States) (2005), 19(14),

1443-1448

CODEN: AIDSET; ISSN: 0269-9370 Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

DOCUMENT TYPE:

PUBLISHER:

Journal

English LANGUAGE:

Objective: 873140 is a spirodiketopiperazine CCR5 antagonist with prolonged receptor binding and potent antiviral activity in vitro. study evaluated plasma HIV RNA, safety, and pharmacokinetics following short-term monotherapy in HIV-infected adults. Design: Double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled multi-center trial. Methods: Treatment-naive or experienced HIV-infected subjects with R5-tropic virus, CD4 cell count nadir > 200 + 106 cells/l, viral load > 5000 copies/mL and not receiving antiretroviral therapy for the preceding 12 wk were enrolled. Forty subjects were randomized to one of four cohorts (200 mg QD, 200 mg BID, 400 mg QD, 600 mg BID) with 10 subjects (eight active, two placebo) in each cohort, and received treatment for 10 days. Serial HIV RNA, pharmacokinetics, and safety evaluations were performed through day 24. Results: Of the 40 subjects, 21 were treatment-experienced; 35 were male, 20 were non-white, and eight were coinfected with hepatitis C virus. Median baseline HIV RNA ranged from 4.26log10 to 4.46 log10. 873140 was generally well tolerated with no drug-related discontinuations. The most common adverse events were grade 1 gastrointestinal complaints that generally resolved within 1-3 days on therapy. No clin. significant abnormalities were observed on ECG or in laboratory parameters. Mean log

changes

in HIV RNA at nadir, and the percentage of subjects with > 1 log10decrease were -0.12 (0%) for placebo, -0.46 (17%) for 200 mg once daily, -1.23 (75%) for 200 mg twice daily, -1.03 (63%) for 400 mg once daily, and -1.66 (100%) for 600 mg twice daily. An Emax relationship was observed between the area under the 873140 plasma concentration-time curve and change in HIV RNA. Conclusions: 873140 demonstrated potent antiretroviral activity and was well tolerated. These results support further evaluation in Phase 2b/3 studies.

IT 461023-63-2

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(CCR5 antagonist 873140 was safe, well tolerated and effective in HIV-infected patient)

RN

461023-63-2 CAPLUS
Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-CN dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

HCl

REFERENCE COUNT:

11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 14 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:698347 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:194248

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Therapeutic combinations containing an amino acid

amide HIV protease inhibitor

INVENTOR(S):

Hammond, Jennifer Lou; Patick, Amy Karen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Agouron Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 25 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: USXXCO.

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	PATENT NO				KIN	D	DATE		i	APPL:	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE		
US	2005	1710	38		A1	_	2005	0804	1	JS 2	005-	4626	0		2	0050	128	
AU	2005	2167	10		A1		2005	0909		AU 20	005-	2167	10		2	0050	117	
CA	2555	171			AA		2005	0909	(CA 20	005-	2555	171		2	0050	117	
WO	2005	0823	62		A1		2005	0909	1	WO 2	005-	IB10	1		2	0050	117	
•	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,	
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	
		SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	
															CZ,			
		EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	ıs,	IT,	LT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	
		RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	
		MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG		-	·	•		-		-				
EP	1713	470		-	A1		2006	1025	1	EP 20	005-	7022	64		2	0050	117	•
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		IE,	SI,	LT,	FI,	RO,	CY,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	PL,	SK,	IS	•	•	
PRIORITY	APP				·	•	•		•	•	-	-		-	P 2	0040	130	
									1	JS 20	004-	6150	00P		P 2	0041	001	

WO 2005-IB101

W 20050117

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 143:194248

GΙ

AB The invention is related to methods for treating an HIV infection by using a therapeutically effective amount of a combination of compds., including I and its related N-amide derivs. The invention is also related to compns. comprising certain compds. useful as inhibitors of the HIV protease enzyme and at least one addnl. therapeutic agent. In an XTT dye reduction method, I in combination with ritonavir acted synergistically against HIV-1 infection.

IT 461443-59-4, GW 873140

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (combination therapy agent; compns. comprising an amino acid amide HIV protease inhibitor)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:641882 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:153711

TITLE: Preparation of amino acid hydrazide derivatives as HIV

protease inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Randolph, John T.; Chen, Hui-ju; Degoey, David A.;

Flentge, Charles A.; Flosi, William J.; Grampovnik, David J.; Huang, Peggy P.; Hutchinson, Douglas K.; Kempf, Dale J.; Klein, Larry L.; Yeung, Ming C.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 155 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				
US 2005159469	A1	20050721	US 2004-10177	20041210
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-528679P P	20031211
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	143:153711		
GI				

The invention relates to amino acid hydrazide derivs. I [X-Y is AB CH2(CH2)1-2, CH:CH or C(:Z')(CH2)1-2; Z, Z' are O, S or NH; R1, R2, R5 are independently (un) substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, etc.; R3 is H, alkyl, aryl, etc.; R4 is an amino acid or acyl residue of defined structure], including pharmaceuticallyacceptable salts, stereoisomers, esters or prodrugs, having HIV protease inhibitory activity. Thus, hydrazide I [X-Y is CH2CH2; Z is O; R1 is CMeEt; R2 is PhCH2; R3 is 4-(2-pyridyl)benzyl; R4 is N-carbomethoxy-tertleucine (all-S stereo)] was prepared by a multistep sequence involving peptide coupling in the final step. Compds. of the invention showed EC50 values 1-100 nM against wild-type HIV.

IT 461443-59-4

> RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (preparation of amino acid hydrazide derivs. as HIV protease inhibitors)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-

dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX

Absolute stereochemistry.

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ANSWER 16 OF 38

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:590606 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:125797

TITLE:

Pharmacokinetics and short-term safety of 873140, a novel CCR5 antagonist, in healthy adult subjects Adkison, Kimberly K.; Shachoy-Clark, Anne; Fang, Lei;

AUTHOR (S):

Lou, Yu; O'Mara, Kathy; Berrey, M. Michelle;

Piscitelli, Stephen C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

GlaxoSmithKline, Research Triangle Park, NC, USA Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy (2005), 49(7),

2802-2806

CODEN: AMACCQ; ISSN: 0066-4804 American Society for Microbiology

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

873140 Is a novel CCR5 antagonist with potent in vitro anti-human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) activity. This study was a double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled, single- and repeat-dose escalation investigation of the safety, pharmacokinetics, and food effect of 873140 in 70 adult subjects. During single-dose escalation, three cohorts (each composed of 10 subjects, with 8 subjects receiving the active drug and 2 subjects receiving the placebo [8 active and 2 placebo]) received doses of 50, 200, 400, 800, and 1,200 mg after an overnight fast, or 400 mg plus a standard high-fat breakfast in an alternating panel design. During repeat-dose escalation, four cohorts (each with 8 active and 2 placebo) received doses of 200, 400, 600, or 800 mg every 12 h (BID) for 8 days. Laboratory safety tests, vital signs, and electrocardiograms (ECGs) were performed at regular intervals, and blood samples were obtained for pharmacokinetics. Single and repeat doses of 50 mg to 800 mg were well tolerated, with no serious adverse events and no grade 3 or 4 adverse events. The mild-to-moderate side effects were primarily gastrointestinal and included abdominal cramping, nausea, and diarrhea. No specific trends in laboratory parameters or clin. significant ECG changes were noted. Plasma 873140 concns. increased rapidly; the median time to maximum concentration of

drug

in serum was 1.75 to 5 h. The median area under the plasma concentration-time profile (AUC) and the maximum concentration of drug in serum (Cmax) ranged from 127

ng \cdot h/mL and 24 ng/mL at 200 mg BID to 329 ng \cdot h/mL and 100 ng/mL at 800 mg BID, resp. Food consumption increased the AUC and Cmax by a mean of 1.7- and 2.2-fold, resp. The pharmacokinetic and safety profile supports the continued investigation of 873140 with HIV-infected subjects.

IT 461023-63-2

RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); BIOL (Biological study) (pharmacokinetics and short-term safety of 873140, a novel CCR5 antagonist, in healthy adult subjects)

RN 461023-63-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

REFERENCE COUNT:

9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:588945 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:133695

TITLE:

Preparation of amino acid hydrazide derivatives as HIV protease inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Randolph, John T.; Chen, Hui-Ju; Degoey, David A.;

Flentge, Charles A.; Flosi, William J.; Grampovnik, David J.; Huang, Peggy P.; Hutchinson, Douglas K.; Kempf, Dale J.; Klein, Larry L.; Yeung, Ming C.

Kempf, Dale J.; Klein, Larry L.; Yeung, Ming C
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Abbott Laboratories, USA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 281 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT	NO.			KIN)	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE	
WO	2005	0614	 87		A1	-	2005	0707	. 1	WO 2	004-1	US37	711		2	0041	110
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
	NO, NZ, C					PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
	TJ, TM, T					TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
	RW: BW, GH, GM		GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	
	AZ, BY, K				ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,
		EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IS,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,
		SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,
		ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG								ø				
CA	2549	228			AA		2005	0707	4	CA 2	004-	2549	228		2	0041	110
EP	1697	348			A1		2006	0906		EP 2	004-	8107	78		2	0041	110
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	FI,	RO,	CY,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	PL,	SK,	IS			
PRIORIT	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:								1	US 2	003-	7332	27		A 2	0031	211
									1	WO 2	004-1	US37	711		W 2	0041	110
OTHED CO	OTTROE	(0) .			MADI	ידיאכ	1/2.	12260	9.5								

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:133695

The invention relates to amino acid hydrazide derivs. I [X-Y is CH2(CH2)1-2, CH:CH or C(:Z')(CH2)1-2; Z, Z' are O, S or NH; R1, R2, R5 are independently (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, etc.; R3 is H, alkyl, aryl, etc.; R4 is an amino acid or acyl residue of defined structure], including pharmaceutically-acceptable salts, stereoisomers, esters or prodrugs, having HIV protease inhibitory activity. Thus, hydrazide I [X-Y is CH2CH2; Z is O; R1 is CMeEt; R2 is PhCH2; R3 is 4-(2-pyridyl)benzyl; R4 is N-carbomethoxy-tert-leucine (all-S stereo)] was prepared by a multistep sequence involving peptide coupling in the final step. Compds. of the invention showed EC50 values 1-100 nM against wild-type HIV.

IT 461443-59-4, GW873140

RN

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(preparation of amino acid hydrazide derivs. as HIV protease inhibitors)
461443-59-4 CAPLUS

Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX

Absolute stereochemistry.

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

5

ANSWER 18 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:588404 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

REFERENCE COUNT:

143:133693

TITLE:

Preparation of amino acid derivatives as HIV protease

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

inhibitors

INVENTOR(S):

Degoey, David A.; Flentge, Charles A.; Flosi, William J.; Grampovnik, David J.; Kempf, Dale J.; Klein, Larry L.; Yeung, Ming C.; Randolph, John T.; Wang, Xiu C.;

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

Yu, Su

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 279 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DATE

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

KIND

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

US 2005148623	A1	20050707	US 2004-8713		20041209
ITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-528974P	P	20031211
SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	143:133693			
The invention relat	es to a	mino acid de	rivs. A-		
NHCHR6CHR5CHR4CHR3N	HCOCHR2	NHCO2R1 [A i	s an amino acid or	acyl	residue of
defined structure;	R1, R2,	R3, R6 are	independently (un)	subst	ituted alkyl,
	-	•		_	
including pharmaceu	tically	-acceptable	salts, prodrugs or	ster	eoisomers,
pyridinyl)benzyl]-1	3-oxa-3	,8,11-triaza	tetradec-1-ylcarba	mate	was prepared by
a multistep procedu	re, whi	ch includes	the reaction of in	terme	diate tert-Bu
(1S, 2S, 4R) -4-amino-	1-benzy	1-2-hydroxy-	5-[4-(2-		
pyridinyl)phenyl]pe	ntylcar	bamate with	N-protected L-tert	-leuc	ine. Compds.
of the invention sh	owed EC	50 values in	the range 0.7 nM	to >3	.2 μM
against wild-type H	IV.	•	_		
461443-59-4					
RL: THU (Therapeuti	c use);	BIOL (Biolo	gical study); USES	(Use	s)
	ITY APPLN. INFO.: SOURCE(S): The invention relat NHCHR6CHR5CHR4CHR3N defined structure; alkenyl, alkynyl, c heteroaryl; R4, R5 including pharmaceu having HIV protease benzyl-1,10-di-tert pyridinyl)benzyl]-1 a multistep procedu (1S,2S,4R)-4-amino- pyridinyl)phenyl]pe of the invention sh against wild-type H 461443-59-4	ITY APPLN. INFO.: SOURCE(S): MARPAT The invention relates to a NHCHR6CHR5CHR4CHR3NHCOCHR2 defined structure; R1, R2, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalk heteroaryl; R4, R5 are H (including pharmaceutically having HIV protease inhibi benzyl-1,10-di-tert-butyl- pyridinyl)benzyl]-13-oxa-3 a multistep procedure, whi (1S,2S,4R)-4-amino-1-benzy pyridinyl)phenyl]pentylcar of the invention showed EC against wild-type HIV. 461443-59-4	ITY APPLN. INFO.: SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:133693 The invention relates to amino acid de NHCHR6CHR5CHR4CHR3NHCOCHR2NHCO2R1 [A idefined structure; R1, R2, R3, R6 are alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalk heteroaryl; R4, R5 are H (not both), C including pharmaceutically-acceptable having HIV protease inhibitory activit benzyl-1,10-di-tert-butyl-6-hydroxy-2, pyridinyl)benzyl]-13-oxa-3,8,11-triaza a multistep procedure, which includes (1S,2S,4R)-4-amino-1-benzyl-2-hydroxy- pyridinyl)phenyl]pentylcarbamate with of the invention showed EC50 values in against wild-type HIV. 461443-59-4	ITY APPLN. INFO.: SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:133693 The invention relates to amino acid derivs. A- NHCHR6CHR5CHR4CHR3NHCOCHR2NHCO2R1 [A is an amino acid or defined structure; R1, R2, R3, R6 are independently (un) alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heterocyclyl heteroaryl; R4, R5 are H (not both), OH or substituted h including pharmaceutically-acceptable salts, prodrugs or having HIV protease inhibitory activity. Thus, Me (1S,4 benzyl-1,10-di-tert-butyl-6-hydroxy-2,9,12-trioxo-4-[4-(pyridinyl)benzyl]-13-oxa-3,8,11-triazatetradec-1-ylcarba a multistep procedure, which includes the reaction of in (1S,2S,4R)-4-amino-1-benzyl-2-hydroxy-5-[4-(2- pyridinyl)phenyl]pentylcarbamate with N-protected L-tert of the invention showed EC50 values in the range 0.7 nM against wild-type HIV. 461443-59-4	ITY APPLN. INFO.: SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:133693 The invention relates to amino acid derivs. A- NHCHR6CHR5CHR4CHR3NHCOCHR2NHCO2R1 [A is an amino acid or acyl defined structure; R1, R2, R3, R6 are independently (un) subst alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heterocyclyl, ary heteroaryl; R4, R5 are H (not both), OH or substituted hydrox including pharmaceutically-acceptable salts, prodrugs or ster having HIV protease inhibitory activity. Thus, Me (1S,4R,6S, benzyl-1,10-di-tert-butyl-6-hydroxy-2,9,12-trioxo-4-[4-(2- pyridinyl)benzyl]-13-oxa-3,8,11-triazatetradec-1-ylcarbamate a multistep procedure, which includes the reaction of interme (1S,2S,4R)-4-amino-1-benzyl-2-hydroxy-5-[4-(2- pyridinyl)phenyl]pentylcarbamate with N-protected L-tert-leuc of the invention showed EC50 values in the range 0.7 nM to >3 against wild-type HIV.

(preparation of amino acid derivs. as HIV protease inhibitors)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 19 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:536932 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:125633

TITLE:

The appealing story of HIV entry inhibitors: from discovery of biological mechanisms to drug development

AUTHOR(S):

Castagna, Antonella; Biswas, Priscilla; Beretta,

Alberto; Lazzarin, Adriano

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Clinic of Infectious Diseases, San Raffaele Scientific

Institute, Milan, Italy

SOURCE:

Drugs (2005), 65(7), 879-904 CODEN: DRUGAY; ISSN: 0012-6667

PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:

Adis International Ltd. Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE:

English

A review. Current therapeutic intervention in HIV infection relies upon 20 different drugs. Despite the impressive efficacy shown by these drugs, we are confronted with an unexpected frequency of adverse effects, such as mitochondrial toxicity and lipodystrophy, and resistance, not only to individual drugs but to entire drug classes. Thus, there is now a great need for new antiretroviral drugs with reduced toxicity, increased activity against drug-resistant viruses and a greater capacity to reach tissue sanctuaries of the virus. Two different HIV mols. have been selected as targets of drug inhibition so far: reverse transcriptase and protease. Drugs that target the interactions between the HIV envelope and the cellular receptor complex are a 'new entry' into the scenario of HIV therapy and have recently raised great interest because of their activity against multidrug-resistant viruses. There are several compds. that are at different developmental stages in the pipeline to counter HIV entry, among them: (i) the attachment inhibitor dextrin-2-sulfate; (ii) the inhibitors of the glycoprotein (gp) 120/CD4 interaction PRO 542, TNX 355 and BMS 488043; (iii) the co-receptor inhibitors subdivided in those targeting CCR5 (SCH 417690 [SCH D], UK 427857 GW 873140, PRO 140, TAK 220, AMD 887) and those targeting CXCR4 (AMD 070, KRH 2731); and (iv) the fusion inhibitors; enfuvirtide (T-20) and tifuvirtide (T-1249). The story, of the first of these drugs, enfuvirtide, which has successfully completed phase III clin. trials, has been approved by the US FDA and by the European Medicines Agency, and is now com. available worldwide, is an example of how the knowledge of basic mol. mechanisms can rapidly translate into the development of clin. effective mols.

IT 461443-59-4, GW 873140

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(addition of co-receptor CCR5 inhibitor GW 873140 to therapeutic armamentarium against HIV-1 offers new hope for treating HIV infected patient)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 198 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR 198

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

ANSWER 20 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:527407 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:59982

TITLE:

Preparation of HIV protease inhibitors, in particular

imidazolidine derivatives

INVENTOR (S):

Flentge, Charles A.; Chen, Hui-Ju; Degoey, David A.; Flosi, William J.; Grampovnik, David J.; Huang, Peggy P.; Kempf, Dale J.; Klein, Larry L.; Krueger, Allan

C.; Madigan, Darold L.; Randolph, John T.; Sun,

Minghua; Yeung, Ming C.; Zhao, Chen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 287 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.			DATE
US 2005131042	A1 20050616	US 2003-733915	20031211
CA 2549389	AA 20050707	CA 2004-2549389	20041110
WO 2005061450	A2 20050707	WO 2004-US37745	20041110
W: AE, AG, A		BA, BB, BG, BR, BW,	
		DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG,	
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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,	
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		UG, US, UZ, VC, VN,	•
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		NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ,	
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EE, ES, F	I, FR, GB, GR, HU,	IE, IS, IT, LU, MC,	NL, PL, PT, RO,
SE, SI, S	(, TR, BF, BJ, CF,	CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,	GQ, GW, ML, MR,
NE, SN, T	O, TG		
EP 1709037	A2 20061011	EP 2004-810802	20041110
R: AT, BE, C	H, DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU,	NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, F	, RO, CY, TR, BG,	CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK,	IS
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		US 2003-733915	A 20031211
		WO 2004-US37745	W 20041110
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 143:5998		= 9 0 - 1 - 1

^{*} STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB Title compds. of formula ANH(CHR)(CHR1)(CHR2)NR3S(O2)R4 (I) [wherein A = alkylcarbonyl, arylsulfonyl, 1,3-substituted 2-oxoimidazolidinyl, 2,4-dioxoimidazolidinyl, etc.; X, Y = independently O, S, NH; R = (un)substituted alk(en)yl, cycloalk(en)yl, hetero/arylalkyl, etc.; R1 = OH and derivs., OPO3H and derivs., OSO2H and derivs., etc.; R2 = H; R3 = halo/alkyl, halo/alkenyl, (un)substituted cycloalk(en)yl, aryl; R4 = (un)substituted cycloalk(en)yl, hetero/aryl] were prepared as HIV protease inhibitors. For example, II was prepared, in 62% yield, by coupling acid III (preparation given) with amine IV (preparation given). I showed

antiviral activity against Wild-Type HIV with EC50 in the range of 1 nM to 100 nM.

IT 461443-59-4, GW873140

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (combination therapy; preparation of HIV protease inhibitors, in particular imidazolidine derivs.)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 21 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2

2005:527398 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:78485

TITLE:

Preparation of amino acid derivatives as HIV protease

inhibitors

INVENTOR(S):

Degoey, David A.; Flentge, Charles A.; Flosi, William

J.; Grampovnik, David J.; Kempf, Dale J.; Klein, Larry

L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 204 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	•	•	
PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005131017	A1 20050616	US 2003-733946	20031211
CA 2549098	AA 20050630	CA 2004-2549098	20041209
WO 2005058841	A2 20050630	WO 2004-US41658	20041209
WO 2005058841	A3 20060309		
W: AE, AG, AL,	, AM, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY,	BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR,	CU, CZ, DE, DK,	DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES,	FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH, GM,	, HR, HU, ID, IL,	IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP,	KR, KZ, LC,
LK, LR, LS,	LT, LU, LV, MA,	MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,	MZ, NA, NI,
NO, NZ, OM,	PG, PH, PL, PT,	RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG,	SK, SL, SY,
TJ, TM, TN,	TR, TT, TZ, UA,	UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU,	ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: BW, GH, GM,	KE, LS, MW, MZ,	NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG,	ZM, ZW, AM,

1

AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,

MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EP 1697344

A2 20060906 EP 2004-813910 20041209

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK,
BA, HR, IS, YU

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2003-733946 A 20031211 WO 2004-US41658 W 20041209

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:78485

AB .The invention relates to amino acid derivs. A-

NHCHR6CHR5CHR4CHR3NHCOCHR2NHCO2R1 [A is an amino acid or acyl residue of defined structure; R1, R2, R3, R6 are independently (un) substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heterocyclyl, aryl or heteroaryl; R4, R5 are H (not both), OH or substituted hydroxyl], including pharmaceutically-acceptable salts, stereoisomers, esters or prodrugs, having HIV protease inhibitory activity. Thus, Me (1S,4R,6S,7S,10S)-7-benzyl-1,10-di-tert-butyl-6-hydroxy-2,9,12-trioxo-4-[4-(2-pyridinyl)benzyl]-13-oxa-3,8,11-triazatetradec-1-ylcarbamate was prepared by a multistep procedure, which includes the reaction of intermediate tert-Bu (1S,2S,4R)-4-amino-1-benzyl-2-hydroxy-5-[4-(2-pyridinyl)phenyl]pentylcarbamate with N-protected L-tert-leucine. Compds. of the invention showed EC50 values 0.7-300 nM against wild-type HIV.

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(preparation of amino acid derivs. as HIV protease inhibitors)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 22 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:311526 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:456334

TITLE: The CCR5 receptor-based mechanism of action of 873140,

a potent allosteric noncompetitive HIV entry inhibitor

AUTHOR(S): Watson, Christian; Jenkinson, Stephen; Kazmierski,

Wieslaw; Kenakin, Terry

CORPORATE SOURCE: Assay Development and Compound Profiling,

GlaxoSmithKline Research and Development, Research

Triangle Park, NC, USA

SOURCE: Molecular Pharmacology (2005), 67(4), 1268-1282

CODEN: MOPMA3; ISSN: 0026-895X

PUBLISHER: American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental

Therapeutics

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB 4-{[4-({(3R)-1-Butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexyl(hydroxy)methyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl}methyl)phenyl]oxy}benzoic acid hydrochloride

(873140) is a potent noncompetitive allosteric antagonist of the CCR5 receptor (pKB = 8.6 ± 0.07 ; 95% Cl, 8.5 to 8.8) with concomitantly potent antiviral effects for HIV-1. In this article, the receptor-based mechanism of action of 873140 is compared with four other noncompetitive allosteric antagonists of CCR5. Although (Z)-(4-bromophenyl) {1'-[(2,4dimethyl-1-oxido-3-pyridinyl)carbonyl]-4'-methyl-1,4'-bipiperidin-4yl}methanone O-ethyloxime (Sch-C; SCH 351125), 4,6-dimethyl-5-{[4-methyl-4-((3S)-3-methyl-4-{(1R)-2-(methyloxy)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}-1piperazinyl)-1-piperidinyl]carbonyl}pyrimidine (Sch-D; SCH 417,690), 4.4-difluoro-N-((1S)-3-{(3-endo)-3-[3-methyl-5-(1-methylethyl)-4H-1,2,4triazol-4-yl]-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl}-1-phenylpropyl)cyclohexanecarboxamide (UK-427,857), and N,N-dimethyl-N-[4-[[[2-(4methylphenyl) -6,7-dihydro-5H-benzocyclo-hepten-8yl]carbonyl]amino]benzyl]tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-aminium chloride (TAK779) blocked the binding of both chemokines $125I-MIP-1\alpha$ (also known as 125I-CCL3, 125I-LD78) and 125I-RANTES (125I-CCL5), 873140 was an ineffectual antagonist of 125I-RANTES (regulated on activation normal T cell expressed and secreted) binding (but did block binding of 125I-MIP-1 α). Furthermore, 873140 blocked the calcium response effects of CCR5 activation by CCL5 (RANTES) (as did the other antagonists), indicating a unique divergence of blockade of function and binding with this antagonist. The antagonism of CCR5 by 873140 is saturable and probe-dependent, consistent with an allosteric mechanism of action. The blockade of CCR5 by 873140 was extremely persistent with a rate constant for reversal of <0.004 h-1 (t1/2 > 136 h). Coadministration studies of 873140 with the four other allosteric antagonists yielded data that are consistent with the notion that all five of these antagonists bind to a common allosteric site on the CCR5 receptor. Although these ligands may have a common binding site, they do not exert the same allosteric effect on the receptor, as indicated by their differential effects on the binding of 125I-RANTES. This idea is discussed in terms of using these drugs sequentially to overcome HIV viral resistance in the clinic.

IT 461023-63-2

CN

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(873140; CCR5 receptor-based mechanism of action of compound 873140, a potent allosteric noncompetitive HIV entry inhibitor)

RN 461023-63-2 CAPLUS

Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

• HCl

REFERENCE COUNT:

54 THERE ARE 54 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:233058 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:366839

TITLE:

Potent anti-R5 human immunodeficiency virus type 1 effects of a CCR5 antagonist, AK602/ONO4128/GW873140, in a novel human peripheral blood mononuclear cell nonobese diabetic-SCID, interleukin-2 receptor

γ-chain-knocked-out AIDS mouse model

AUTHOR (S):

Nakata, Hirotomo; Maeda, Kenji; Miyakawa, Toshikazu;

Shibayama, Shiro; Matsuo, Masayoshi; Takaoka,

Yoshikazu; Ito, Mamoru; Koyanagi, Yoshio; Mitsuya,

Hiroaki

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Infectious Diseases, Kumamoto University Graduate School of Medicine, Kumamoto, 860-8556, Japan

SOURCE:

Journal of Virology (2005), 79(4), 2087-2096

CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X American Society for Microbiology

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English We established human peripheral blood mononuclear cell (PBMC)-transplanted AB R5 human immunodeficiency virus type 1 isolate JR-FL (HIV-1JR-FL)infected, nonobese diabetic-SCID, interleukin 2 receptor

 γ -chain-knocked-out (NOG) mice, in which massive and systemic HIV-1 infection occurred. The susceptibility of the implanted PBMC to the infectivity and cytopathic effect of R5 HIV-1 appeared to stem from hyperactivation of the PBMC, which rapidly proliferated and expressed high levels of CCR5. When a novel spirodiketopiperazine-containing CCR5 inhibitor, AK602/ONO4128/GW873140 (mol. weight, 614), was administered to the NOG mice 1 day after R5 HIV-1 inoculation, the replication and cytopathic effects of R5 HIV-1 were significantly suppressed. In saline-treated mice (n = 7), the mean human CD4+/CD8+ cell ratio was 0.1 on day 16 after inoculation, while levels in mice (n = 8) administered AK602 had a mean value of 0.92, comparable to levels in uninfected mice (n = 7). The mean number of HIV-RNA copies in plasma in saline-treated mice were .apprx.106/mL on day 16, while levels in AK602-treated mice were 1.27+103/mL (P = 0.001). AK602 also significantly suppressed the number of proviral DNA copies and serum p24 levels (P = 0.001). These data suggest that the present NOG mouse system should serve as a small-animal AIDS model and warrant that AK602 be further developed as a potential therapeutic for HIV-1 infection.

461443-59-4, AK602

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(anti-R5 HIV1 activity of CCR5 antagonist, AK602, in novel PBMC diabetic-SCID, IL-2R-knocked-out AIDS mouse model)

RN461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN

Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

35

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 24 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:160977 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:246180

TITLE:

Pharmaceutical compositions comprising CCR5

antagonists

INVENTOR (S):

Peled, Amnon; Wald, Ori; Galun, Eithan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Hadasit Medical Research Services & Development Ltd.,

Israel

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATE	NT I	۱O.			KIN	D 1	DATE		i	APPL	ICAT:	ION I	NO.		D	ATE	
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WO 2					A2		2005		'	WO 2	004-	11.74.	3		2	0040	812
WO 2	0050	1162	26		A3		2006	0803									
1	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DΖ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
		TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UΖ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
1	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
					KZ,												
		EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,
		SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,
		SN,	TD,	TG													

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

IL 2003-157398 A 20030814

A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one CCR5 antagonist, such as anti-CCR5 antibodies, modified chemokines or a fraction thereof, peptides derived from such chemokines, and small organic mols., e.g., TAK 220, SCH C, SCH D, AK 602 or UK 427857, and a a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is useful for reducing liver inflammation and liver damage caused by HCV infection. The pharmaceutical composition comprising CCR5 antagonists is useful for administration together with combined interferon- α and ribavirin therapy.

IT 461443-59-4, AK 602

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (compns. comprising CCR5 antagonists for treatment of liver diseases)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 25 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:74120 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:176697

TITLE:

Preparation of spiro compounds for the modulation of

chemokine receptor activity

INVENTOR (S):

Chan, Chun Kong; Zhang, Ming-Qiang; Moinet, Christophe; Proulx, Melanie; Reddy, Thumkunta

Jagadeeswar; Courchesne, Marc

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Virochem Pharma Inc., Can. PCT Int. Appl., 338 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT :		KIN	D	DATE		i	APPL	ICAT:	ION 1	. O <i>l</i>		D	ATE			
	WO 2005	 0076!	56		A1	_	2005	0127	1	WO 2	 004(CA10	 48		2	0040	716
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	ΑM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
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		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	·LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
		ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YŪ,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
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		ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,
		ΕE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,
		SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,
		SN,	TD,	TG												-	-
	US 2005075326				A1		2005	0407	1	US 2	004-	8935	33		20	040	719
PRIOR	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			. :					1	US 2	003-4	4879	73P]	2 (0030	718
OTHER	THER SOURCE(S):			MAR	PAT	142:	17669	97									
GT			•														

$$N-X$$
 N
 R^{1}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{2}
 R^{2}

AΒ The title compds. I [Y, Z and X = CH2, CO, CR4R5; W = H, alkyl, alkenyl,aryl, etc.; R1 = H, OH, alkyl, etc.; R2 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl; R3 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl; R4, R5 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, useful for the modulation of CCR5 chemokine receptor activity and the treatment or prevention of diseases associated therewith, were prepared E.g., a multi-step synthesis of II.HCl, starting from tert-Bu 1-oxo-2,8-diaza-spiro[4.5]decane-8-carboxylate and 4-bromobenzyl bromide, was given. The compds. I have been found to have activity in binding to the CCR5 receptor, generally with an IC50 values of < 25 μM . Certain

compds. I have also been tested in an assay for HIV activity, and generally having an IC50 values of < 1 μM_{\odot}

IT 461443-59-4, Ak602

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (co-drug; preparation of spiro compds. for treating diseases associated with CCR5 chemokine receptor activity in combination with other agents)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 26 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:14522 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:86614

TITLE:

Compositions for down-regulation of CCR5 expression

and reducing HIV entry into T-cells

INVENTOR(S):

Redfield, Robert R.; Amoroso, Anthony; Davis, Charles

E.; Heredia, Alonsa

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

University of Maryland Biotechnology Institute, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

2

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIND DATE				APPL:	ICAT:	I NOI		DATE							
WO 2005001027 WO 2005001027						1	WO 2	004-1	US15		20040517									
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	ΑL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	ВG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,			
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,			
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,			
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NA,	NI,			
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,			
		ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	ŪĠ,	US,	UΖ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW			
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,			
		ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	ВG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,			
		EE,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,			
		SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,			
		SN,	TD,	TG																
ΑU	2004	2512:	28		A 1	:	2005	0106	1	AU 2	004-	2512:		20040517						
CA	2526	122			AA	;	2005	0106	(CA 2	004-	2526		2	0040	517				
ΕP	1627	048			A2	;	2006	0222	1	EP 2	004-	7526	60		20040517					
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,			
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	PL,	SK,	HR		
CN	1805	740			Α		2006	0719	(CN 2004-80016720						20040517				
BR 2004010360			Α	:	2006	0801	BR 2004-10360						20040517							

20060713 US 2005-281195 US 2006154857 20051116 US 2003-471453P PRIORITY APPLN. INFO .: ₽ 20030516 W WO 2004-US15681 20040517

The present invention relates to the downregulation of surface receptor AB CCR5 expression through manipulation of the cell cycle in activated lymphocytes by administering a composition that arrests the G1 phase of the cell cycle, thereby reducing receptor sites for entry of HIV into T cells, and thus, the effects of HIV. Further, a composition is disclosed that includes a G1 phase arresting agent and an antiviral agent, wherein the combination synergically enhances the activity of the antiviral agent. IT

461443-59-4, Ak602 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

> (compns. for down-regulation of CCR5 expression and reducing HIV entry into T-cells)

RN

461443-59-4 CAPLUS
Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-CN dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ANSWER 27 OF 38

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:996006 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:406151

TITLE: Effector cell function inhibitor

INVENTOR(S): Shibayama, Shiro; Sugiyama, Tetsuya; Sagawa, Kenji;

Kasano, Miki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 114 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA.	rent	NO.			KIND DATE			1	APPL	ICAT		DATE					
				_													
WO 2004098638				A1 20041118				1	WO 2	004-	JP61	20040428					
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
														SG,			
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			TD,		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	~,		•	•	_,
EP 1623721				A1 20060208				1	EP 2	004-		20040428					
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB.	GR.	IT.	LI.	LU.	NL.	SE.	MC.	PT.

IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2003-128193 A 20030506

WO 2004-JP6197 W 20040428

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:406151

AB An effector cell function inhibitor comprised of CCR5-antagonist. The effector cell function inhibitor comprised of CCR5-antagonist is capable of inhibiting the function of effector cells playing an important roll in disease generation, etc., so that it is useful in the prevention and/or treatment of, for example, transplant rejections (rejection of solid organ graft, rejection of pancreatic cell transplant in diabetes, graft-vs.-host disease (GVHD), etc.), autoimmune diseases (arthritis, chronic arthritic rheumatism, multiple sclerosis, ulcerative colitis, etc.), allergoses (asthma, etc.), ischemic diseases (ischemia reperfusion lesion, etc.), cancer or cancer metastasis, etc.

IT 461023-63-2 676451-07-3

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pharmacol. of cyclohexyldioxotriazaspiroundecaylmethylphenoxybenzoate analogs as CCR5 antagonists and effector cell function inhibitors)

RN 461023-63-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

RN 676451-07-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-3-ethoxy-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 28 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:875343 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:147626 TITLE: GW-873140

AUTHOR(S): McIntyre, J. A.; Castaner, J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Prous Science, Barcelona, 08080, Spain SOURCE: Drugs of the Future (2004), 29(7), 677-679

CODEN: DRFUD4; ISSN: 0377-8282

PUBLISHER: Prous Science

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

AB A review. The human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) is a highly mutative virus, representing a challenge for researchers in terms of the development of effective therapeutic strategies against HIV and AIDS. HIV entry inhibitors block the fusion of HIV with host cells and are not compromised by the process of viral resistance, implicit with many anti-HIV therapies. The R5 viral strain is the most prevalent viral type isolated from asymptomatic individuals and its coreceptor CCR5 is blocked by GW-873140 (Ono-4128, AK-602). GW-873140 demonstrated potent activity against a wide spectrum of laboratory and primary HIV R5 isolates, and anti-HIV activity was observed for up to 24 h following binding to CCR5. This was also demonstrated in a phase I study in healthy adult subjects, with prolonged CCR5 receptor occupancy despite plasma levels of GW-873140 at or below the assay detection limit. The drug was well tolerated in this study and is entering phase II testing.

IT 461443-59-4P, GW873140

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (GW-873140 for treatment of HIV injection)

461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 29 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:670576 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:235755

TITLE: Spirodiketopiperazine-based CCR5 inhibitor which

preserves CC-chemokine/CCR5 interactions and exerts potent activity against R5 human immunodeficiency

virus type 1 in vitro

AUTHOR(S): Maeda, Kenji; Nakata, Hirotomo; Koh, Yasuhiro;

Miyakawa, Toshikazu; Ogata, Hiromi; Takaoka,

Yoshikazu; Shibayama, Shiro; Sagawa, Kenji; Fukushima,

Daikichi; Moravek, Joseph; Koyanangi, Yoshio; Mitsuya,

Hiroaki

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Hematol., Kumamoto Univ. Sch. Med., Kumamoto,

860-8556, Japan

Journal of Virology (2004), 78(16), 8654-8662 SOURCE:

> CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X American Society for Microbiology

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

We identified a novel spirodiketopiperazine (SDP) derivative, AK602/ONO4128/GW873140, which specifically blocked the binding of macrophage inflammatory protein 1α (MIP-1 α) to CCR5 with a high affinity (Kd of $\approx\!\!3$ nM), potently blocked human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) gp120/CCR5 binding and exerted potent activity against a wide spectrum of laboratory and primary R5 HIV-1 isolates, including multidrug-resistant HIV-1 (HIV-1MDR) (50% inhibitory concentration values of 0.1 to 0.6 nM) in vitro. AK602 competitively blocked

the

binding to CCR5 expressed on Chinese hamster ovary cells of two monoclonal antibodies, 45523, directed against multidomain epitopes of CCR5, and 45531, specific against the C-terminal half of the second extracellular loop (ECL2B) of CCR5. AK602, despite its much greater anti-HIV-1 activity than other previously published CCR5 inhibitors, including TAK-779 and SCH-C, preserved RANTES (regulated on activation normal T-cell expressed and secreted) and MIP-1 β binding to CCR5+ cells and their functions, including CC-chemokine-induced chemotaxis and CCR5 internalization, while TAK-779 and SCH-C fully blocked the CC-chemokine/CCR5 interactions. Pharmacokinetic studies revealed favorable oral bioavailability in rodents. These data warrant further development of AK602 as a potential therapeutic for HIV-1 infection.

IT 461443-59-4, AK 602

> RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(ONO 4128, GW 873140; spirodiketopiperazine-based CCR5 inhibitor which preserves CC-chemokine/CCR5 interactions and exerts potent activity against R5 human immunodeficiency virus type 1 in vitro)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-CNdioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 30 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:531388 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:82353

TITLE:

Antagonist and agonist binding to strong binding site

of chemokine receptor

INVENTOR (S):

Shibayama, Shiro; Sagawa, Kenji; Watanabe, Noriki; Takeda, Kazuhiko; Tada, Hideaki; Fukushima, Daikichi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 88 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO.
                               DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
                        KIND
                                           -----
    WO 2004054616
                               20040701
                                          WO 2003-JP15973
                                                                  20031212
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        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK,
            LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ,
            OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM,
            TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
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            TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                               20040709
                                         AU 2003-289329
                                                                  20031212
    AU 2003289329
                         A1
                         Α1
                               20050907
                                           EP 2003-780739
                                                                  20031212
    EP 1570860
           AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
        R:
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           JP 2002-363013
                                                               A 20021213
                                           WO 2003-JP15973
                                                               W 20031212
    An antagonist or an agonist binding to the strong binding site of CCR5; a
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AB preventive and/or a remedy for allergic diseases, inflammatory diseases, immune diseases and/or cancerous diseases containing the same; a method of screening a compound binding to the strong binding site of CCR5; a preventive and/or a remedy for allergic diseases, inflammatory diseases, immune diseases and/or cancerous diseases containing the antagonist or the agonist selected by the screening method; an antagonist or an agonist binding to the strong binding site of a chemokine receptor; a preventive and/or a remedy for allergic diseases, inflammatory diseases, immune diseases and/or cancerous diseases containing the same; a method of screening a compound binding to the strong binding site of a chemokine receptor; and a preventive and/or a remedy for allergic diseases, inflammatory diseases, immune diseases and/or cancerous diseases containing the antagonist or the agonist selected by the screening method. These antagonists or agonists are useful as preventives and/or remedies for allergic diseases, inflammatory diseases, immune diseases and/or cancerous diseases.

IT 461023-63-2

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antagonists and agonists binding to strong binding site of chemokine receptors as antiinflammatory, immunosuppressants, and antitumor agents)

RN 461023-63-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 31 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:333850 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:355836

TITLE:

High-mannose oligosaccharide cluster conjugated with

immunogenic protein for use as HIV vaccines

INVENTOR(S):

Wang, Lai-xi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

University of Maryland Biotechnology Institute Off. of

Research Admin. / Tech. Dev., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PA	rent 1	NO.			KIND DATE						ICAT		DATE					
		2004033663						2004	0422					20031014					
	WO	0 2004033663					2006												
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			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	
			HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	
									MK,										
						•		•	SD,		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
						-			VC,					•	,	,	,	,	
		RW:	-						SD,				•		ZW.	AM,	AZ.	BY.	
			-	-		•		•	AT,	•	•		•	•	•	•	•		
						•	•	•	IT,	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	
									GA,						-		-	-	
	CA	2504	755		-	AA		2004	0422		CA 2	003-2	2504	20031014					
	ΑU	2003	28282	21		A1		2004	0504	1	AU 2	003-2	2828	20031014					
	ΕP	1572	963			A2		2005	0914]	EP 2	003-	7748	19	20031014				
									FR,								MC,	PT,	
									MK,									•	
	US 2005244424											•		•					
PRIO		APP												P 20021011					
									W 20031014										

AB The present invention relates to a constructed oligosaccharide cluster, optionally bonded to an immunogenic protein, that can be administered to a subject to induce an immune response for increasing production of 2G12 and/or used in assays as reactive sites for determining compds. that inactivate and/or bind the high-mannose oligosaccharide cluster. The high-mannose oligosaccharide cluster comprises ≥2 high-mannose oligosaccharides attached a scaffolding framework of monosaccharide, cyclic peptide, cyclic organic compound or 11-bis-maleimidetetraethyleneglycol. The high-mannose

IT

oligosaccharide that mimics high-mannose N-glycan of HIV-1 gp120 comprises Man9, Man8, Man7, Man6, Man5 or a combination thereof. The high-mannose oligosaccharide of the invention is derived from soybean agglutinin or chemical synthesized. The immunogenic protein is keyhole limpet hemocyanin, tetanus toxoid, diphtheria toxoid, bovine serum albumin, ovalbumin, thyroglobulin, myoglobin, cholera toxin β -subunit, Ig. and/or tuberculosis purified protein derivative Compns. comprising these clusters, methods of using these clusters and compns. are disclosed. 461443-59-4, AK 602

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (high-mannose oligosaccharide cluster conjugated with immunogenic protein for use as HIV vaccines)

461443-59-4 CAPLUS

Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-CN dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 32 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:267337 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:309368 TITLE:

Novel crystals of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivative INVENTOR (S): Takaoka, Yoshikazu; Okamoto, Masaki; Genba, Yuichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 96 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE	<u> </u>				ION I	DATE					
WO	WO 2004026874				A1 20040401						•		20030917					
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	
		GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JΡ,	KE,	KG,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	
		PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	
		TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW				
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	ΜZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	
		KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	
		FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	
		BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG	
AU	2003	2710	57		A1	•	2004	0408	Ž	AU 2	003-:	2710	20030917					
EP	EP 1541573				A1		2005	0615]	EP 2	003-	7512	73	20030917				
	R:	AT,	ΒE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ĮΤ,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK		
US	US 2006052407						20060309			US 2	005-	5271	93	20050310				
PRIORITY	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:								Ċ	JP 2	002-2	2720	79	A 20020918				
									1	WO 2	003 - c	JP118	W 20030917					

AB Claimed are crystals of non-solvated (3R)-1-butyl-2,5-dioxo-3-((1R)-1-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylmethyl)-9-(4-(4-carboxyphenyloxy)phenylmethyl)-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undecane hydrochloride. These crystals have a potent antagonism to chemokine/chemokine receptors. Owing to these characteristics, they are useful in producing preventives and/or remedies for various inflammatory diseases, etc. Formulations containing the above crystals are given.

IT 461023-63-2P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of crystals of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivative with chemokine

antagonist activity)

RN 461023-63-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

IT 461443-59-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of crystals of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivative with chemokine

antagonist activity)

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 33 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:267336 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:303699

TITLE:

Preparation of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivatives as

chemokine receptor CCR5 antagonists and drugs comprising the same as the active ingredients

INVENTOR (S):

Takaoka, Yoshikazu; Nishizawa, Rena; Shibayama, Shiro;

Sagawa, Kenji; Matsuo, Masayoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 288 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE						
WO 2004026873	A1 20040401	WO 2003-JP11834	20030917						
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ	Z, CA, CH, CN,						
CO, CR, CU,	CZ, DE, DK, DM,	DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI	I, GB, GD, GE,						
GH, GM, HR,	HU, ID, IL, IN,	IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ	Z, LC, LK, LR,						
		MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI							
PG, PH, PL,	PT, RO, RU, SC,	SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY	, TJ, TM, TN,						
TR, TT, TZ,	UA, UG, US, UZ,	VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW	₹						
RW: GH, GM, KE,	LS, MW, MZ, SD,	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW	V, AM, AZ, BY,						
KG, KZ, MD,	RU, TJ, TM, AT,	BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE	E, DK, EE, ES,						
FI, FR, GB,	GR, HU, IE, IT,	LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE	E, SI, SK, TR,						
BF, BJ, CF,	CG, CI, CM, GA,	GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE	E, SN, TD, TG						
		CA 2003-2497903							
AU 2003272879	A1 20040408	AU 2003-272879	20030917						
EP 1541574	A1 20050615	EP 2003-753933	20030917						
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NI	SE, MC, PT,						
		CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EF							
BR 2003014304	A 20050726	BR 2003-14304	20030917						
CN 1688577	A 20051026	CN 2003-824386	20030917						
US 2005267114	A1 20051201	US 2005-527435	20050311						
NO 2005001379	A 20050617	NO 2005-1379	20050316						
		ZA 2005-2222							
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		JP 2002-270849							
		WO 2003-JP11834	W 20030917						
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 140:30369	140:303699							

$$R^{1}-N$$
 N
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}

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AB The title compds. [I; R1 = (a) each (un) substituted and partially or completely saturated C3-15 mono-, di-, or tricarbocyclic aryl or 3- to 15-membered mono-, di-, or triheterocyclic aryl latter containing heteroatoms selected from 1-4 N atoms, 1 or 2 O atoms, and/or 1 or 2 S atoms, or (b) C1-8 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, or C2-4 alkynyl each substituted by 1-3 substituents selected from each (un) substituted HO, acyl, NH2, CONH2, acylamino, sulfonylamino, :NH, and :NOH; R2 = H, C1-8 alkyl, C2-8 alkenyl,

C2-8 alkynyl, each (un)substituted Ph, pyridinyl, or C3-8 cycloalkyl, group (b); R3, R4 = (i) H, C1-8 alkyl, C2-8 alkenyl, C2-8 alkynyl, or (ii) C1-8 alkyl, C2-8 alkenyl, or C2-8 alkynyl each substituted by 1-5 substituents selected from group (a), HO, and tetrahydropyran-4-ylidene], quaternary ammonium salts, N-oxides, or salts thereof are prepared These compds. are useful in preventing and/or treating various inflammatory diseases (asthma, nephritis, nephropathy, hepatitis, arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, rhinitis, conjunctivitis, ulcerative colitis, etc.), immune diseases (autoimmune disease, transplant rejection, immune suppression, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, etc.), infection with human immunodeficiency virus (acquired immune deficiency syndrome), allergic diseases (atopic dermatitis, urticaria, allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis, allergic eosinophilic gastroenteritis, etc.), ischemic reperfusion injury, acute respiratory distress syndrome, shock accompanying bacterial infection, diabetes, cancer metastasis, etc. (no data). They are improved in bioavailability when administered orally, metabolic stability, liver or systemic clearance, or affinity for chemokine receptor CCR compared to prior art compds. and exhibit very low toxicity. Thus, 1-benzyl-4-piperidone, (2R,3R)-2-(tertbutoxycarbonylamino)-3-cyclohexyl-3-hydroxypropanoic acid, n-butylamine, and 2-(morpholin-4-yl)ethyl isocyanide were stirred in MeOH at 50° overnight to give, after workup, 1-benzyl-4-[2-(morpholin-4y1) ethylaminocarbonyl] -4 - [N-butyl-N-[(2R, 3R) -2-amino-3-hydroxy-3cyclohexylpropanoyl]amino]piperidine which was stirred in AcOH at 70° for 1 h to give, after workup, (3R)-1-butyl-2,5-dioxo-3-[(1R)-1hydroxy-1-cyclohexylmethyl]-9-phenylmethyl-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undecane (II). A tablet and an ampule formulation containing specific compound I were described.

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IT 461023-63-2P 676450-38-7P 676450-42-3P
676450-44-5P 676450-45-6P 676450-60-5P
676450-64-9P 676450-81-0P 676450-84-3P
676451-07-3P 676451-15-3P 676451-47-1P
676451-78-8P 676451-79-9P 676453-91-1P
676454-67-4P 676455-04-2P 676455-08-6P
676455-09-7P 676455-10-0P 676465-10-4P
676465-11-5P 676465-15-9P 676465-17-1P
676465-24-0P 676465-25-1P 676465-28-4P
676465-30-8P 676465-31-9P 676465-34-2P
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
```

(preparation of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivs. as chemokine receptor CCR5 antagonists and drugs)

RN 461023-63-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

HCl

RN 676465-34-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-hydroxy(cis-4-methylcyclohexyl)methyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

REFERENCE COUNT:

21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 34 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:252478 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:264479

TITLE: G1-phase arresting compounds for inducing increased

levels of β -chemokines

INVENTOR(S): Redfield, Robert R.; Amoroso, Anthony; Davis, Charles

E.; Heredia, Alonsa

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Maryland Biotechnology, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 76 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.				KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
_	WO 2004024683 WO 2004024683						WO 2003-US28697						20030912				
WO																	
	W :	•	•	•	•	•	AU,	•							-	-	
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,
		GH,	HR,	HU,	ID,	ΙL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,
		PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,
		TR.	TT.	TZ.	UA.	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	· ·	•	
	RW:	•	•	•	•	•	MZ,	•	•	•		•			AM.	AZ.	BY.
		•		•	•	•	TM,	•	•	•	-		-	-	-	-	-
			-	-		-	IE,			•							
		•	•	•	•	•	CM,	•	•	•	•		•	-	•	•	
C7	2498	•	•	•	•	•	2004	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	
	2003																
EP	1545																
	R:	•	•	•	•	•	ES,	•	•	•	•	,	•	•	•	•	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	ВG,	CZ,	EE,	ΗU,	SK	
US 2006099170					A1		2006	0511	US 2005-527904					20050707			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:									1	US 2	002-4	4107	14P	3	P 20	0020	913
				•					1	WO 2	003-1	JS28	697	1	N 2	0030	912

AB The present invention relates to methods for inducing increased levels and availability of β -chemokines by administering to a subject at least 1 G1-phase arresting compound, wherein the increased levels and availability of β -chemokines block chemokine/viral receptors thereby preventing or treating viral infections. The secretion of the β -chemokines by peripheral blood mononuclear cells in response to the activation started before lymphocytes entered the DNA synthesis phase of the cell cycle (S phase), reaches a peak by day 3 or 7 and then declined to low levels. The antivial activity is due the presence of the β -chemokines RANTES, and MIP proteins.

IT 461443-59-4

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(G1-phase arresting compds. for inducing increased levels of $\beta\text{-chemokines})$

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 35 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:252197 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:281350

TITLE:

Spiro compounds for inhibiting the first-pass effect

INVENTOR(S):

Harris, James W.

10/527,193

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Bioavailability System, LLC, USA
U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 133 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ι

Ser. No. 793,416.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004058982	A1	20040325	US 2003-422848	20030425
US 6248776	B1	20010619	US 1999-251467	19990217
US 6476066	B1	20021105	US 2001-793416	20010227
US 2005214366	A1	20050929	US 2005-81024	20050316
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-251467 A	3 19990217
			US 2001-793416 A	2 20010227
			US 1997-56382P F	19970826
			US 1997-997259 A	2 19971223
			US 2003-422848 E	1 20030425

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 140:281350

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$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \text{Me} \\ \text{O} \\$$

Compns., methods, etc. for addressing the first-pass effect are presented. AB An example compound prepared was I. Also processing citrus oils to obtain the compds. is given as examples as well as assessment of human cytochrome P 450-mediated biotransformation.

IT 461443-59-4

> RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (spiro compds. for inhibiting the first-pass effect)

RN461443-59-4 CAPLUS

Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-CNdioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 36 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:334910 CAPLUS

10/527,193

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:331734

TITLE:

Drugs comprising combination of

triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivative with cytochrome p450 isozyme 3a4 inhibitor and/or P-glycoprotein

inhibitor

INVENTOR (S):

Imawaka, Haruo; Shibayama, Shiro; Takaoka, Yoshikazu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 183 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE					
WO 2003035074				A1. 2003			030501 WO 2002-JP2552						20020318					
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	, BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC.	, EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	, KG,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	
	•	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW	, MX ,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,	PL,	
		PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL	, TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	ΤŹ,	UA,	
		UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW									
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ	, TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	
		KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	, CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	
		GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR	, BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	
	•	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG							•	
CA	2461	545			AA		2003	0501		CA 2	2002-3	2461	545		2	0020	318	
EP	1438	962			A1		2004	0721		EP 2	2002-	7052:	99		2	0020	318	
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR	, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	, TR							
CN	1571	671			Α		2005	0126		CN 2	2002-	8203	91		. 2	0020	318	
BR	2002	0133	72		Α						2002-					0020	318	
NO	2004	0016	18		Α		2004	0722		NO 2	2004-	1618			2	0040	421	
ZA	2004	0030	86		Α		2005	0511		ZA 2	2004-3	3086			2	0040	422	
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :						JP 2	2001-3	3244	35		A 2	0011	023	
										WO 2	2002-	JP25	52	1	₩ 2	0020	318	
OTHER S		MAR	PAT	138:	3317	34												

GT

Drugs comprising a combination of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivs. represented by the following general formula (I): I wherein each symbol is as will be defined hereinafter; quaternary ammonium salts thereof, N-oxides of the same or nontoxic salts of the same with at least one cytochrome P 450 isoenzyme 3A4 inhibitor and/or at least one P-glycoprotein inhibitor. The drugs comprising such a combination, wherein the bioavailability of the compds. represented by the general formula I is elevated, are efficaciously usable as oral prepns. in treating various diseases.

IT 461443-59-4

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(drugs comprising combination of triazaspiro[5,5]undecane derivative with cytochrome P 450 isoenzyme 3a4 inhibitor and/or P-glycoprotein inhibitor)

RN

461443-59-4 CAPLUS
Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[((3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-CN dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 37 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:736255 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:263065

TITLE:

Preparation of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivatives as

active ingredients in remedies for inflammatory

diseases

INVENTOR(S):

Habashita, Hiromu; Hamano, Shinichi; Shibayama, Shiro;

Takaoka, Yoshikazu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 379 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
WO 2002074770					A1	20020926			WO 2002-JP2554						2	0020	318
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	ВG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,
		LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,	PL,
		PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,
		UG,	US,	UΖ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW								
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,
							FR,										
		BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG
CA	2440	264			AA		2002	0926	CA 2002-2440264								
ΕP	1378	510			A1		2004	0107	EP 2002-705301						20020318		
EΡ	1378	510			B1		2006	0607									
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR						
BR	2002	0081	57		A		2004	0309	. 1	3R 2	002-	8167			20	0020	318
CN	1518	551			Α	;	2004	0804	(CN 2	002-	81008	32		20	0020	318
JP	3558	079			B2	:	2004	0825	Ċ	JP 2	002-	5737	79		20	00203	318
NZ	5282	49			Α	:	2005	0324	1	NZ 2	002-	52824	19		20	00203	318
ΕP	1619	194			A2	;	20060	125	I	EP 2	005-3	1051	54		20	00203	318

· EP	1619	194			A3		2006	0607									
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR	t, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	FI,	CY,	TR												
RU	2269	528			C2		2006	0210		RU	2003-	1280	67		2	0020	318
AT	3288	84			E		2006	0615		ΑT	2002-	7053	01		2	0020	318
ZA	2003	0071	67		Α		2004	1101		ZA	2003-	7167			2	0030	912
NO	2003	00414	48		Α		2003	1114	1	NO	2003-	4148			2	0030	917
US	2004	0825	84		A1		2004	0429	1	US	2003-	4725	55		2	0030	922
US	7053	090			B2		2006	0530									
JP	2004	1968:	22		A2		2004	0715		JP	2004-	6659	2		2	0040	310
US	2005	2155!	57		A1		2005	0929	1	US	2005-	1352	72		2	0050	524
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :						JP	2001-	7961	0	1	A 2	0010	319
										JP	2001-	1602	51	1	A 2	0010	529
										EΡ	2002-	7053	01	7	43 2	0020	318
										JP	2002-	5737	79	1	A3 2	0020	318
									1	WO	2002-	JP25	54	1	1 2	0020	318
									1	US	2003-	4725	55	1	A1 2	0030	922

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 137:263065

GI

AΒ Title compds. [I; R1 = arylalkyl, nitrogen-containing-heterocyclylalkyl; R2 = alkyl, alkynyl; R3 = H, alkyl; R4 = H, alkyl; R3R4 = CHR; R = alkyl; R5 = H, alkyl], quaternary ammonium salts thereof, N-oxides thereof, nontoxic salts thereof, and drugs containing the same as the active ingredient are prepared Title compds. I, inhibiting the effects of chemokine/chemokine receptor, are useful in preventing and/or treating various inflammatory diseases, asthma, atopic dermatitis, urticaria, allergic diseases, nephritis, nephropathy, hepatitis, arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, tumor metastasis control, etc. Thus, the title compound II was prepared from (2R,3R)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-hydroxy-4-methylpentanoic acid, n-butylamine, N-benzyl-4-piperidone, and benzylisonitrile via intramol. cyclocondensation.

IT 461023-63-2P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(preparation of triazaspiro[5.5] undecane derivs. as active ingredients in

remedies for inflammatory diseases)

RN 461023-63-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

HC1

IT 461024-08-8P 461024-49-7P 461443-59-4P

461444-02-0P 461444-36-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivs. as active ingredients in remedies for inflammatory diseases)

RN 461024-08-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1-propyl-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

RN 461024-49-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3S)-1-butyl-3-[(S)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HC1

RN 461443-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 461444-02-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[(3R)-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1-propyl-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 461444-36-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3S)-1-butyl-3-[(S)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 38 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

13

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:736254 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:263064

TITLE:

Preparation of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivatives as

the active ingredients useful in prevention or as

remedy for HIV infection

INVENTOR(S):

Mitsuya, Hiroaki; Maeda, Kenji; Shibayama, Shiro;

Takaoka, Yoshikazu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 680 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
				WO 2002-JP2553				
W:	AE, AG, AI	, AM, AI	C, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY,	BZ, CA, CH, CN,			
	CO, CR, CI	, CZ, DE	E, DK, DM,	DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI,	GB, GD, GE, GH,			
	GM, HR, H	, ID, IL	, IN, IS,	JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ,	LC, LK, LR, LS,			
	LT, LU, LV	, MA, ME	, MG, MK,	MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO,	NZ, OM, PH, PL,			
	PT, RO, RU	, SD, SE	S, SG, SI,	SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN,	TR, TT, TZ, UA,			
	UG, US, UZ	, VN, YU	J, ZA, ZM,	ZW				
RW	: GH, GM, KI	, LS, MW	, MZ, SD,	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM,	ZW, AT, BE, CH,			
	CY, DE, DE	, ES, FI	, FR, GB,	GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,	NL, PT, SE, TR,			
	BF, BJ, CH	, CG, CI	, CM, GA,	GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,	NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 244				CA 2002-2441162				
EP 137	3509	A1	20040107	EP 2002-705300	20020318			
R:	AT, BE, CH	, DE, DK	, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU,	NL, SE, MC, PT,			
	IE, SI, LT	, LV, FI	, RO, MK,	CY, AL, TR				
BR 200	2008229	Α	20040309	BR 2002-8229	20020318			
CN 153	3390	Α	20040929	CN 2002-809833	20020318			
NZ 528	270	Α	20051028	NZ 2002-528270	20020318			
NO 200	3004149	Α	20031119	NO 2003-4149	20030917			
ZA 200	3007318	A	20040729	ZA 2003-7318	20030918			
US 200	1106619	A1	20040603	US 2003-472626	20030922			
PRIORITY AP	PLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-79611	•			
				WO 2002-JP2553				
OTHER SOURCE	E(S):	MARPAT	137:2630					

GI

AB Title compds. [I; R1 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, COOH, SO2H, CONH2, CHO, heterocycle, aryl; R2 = alkyl, alkynyl; R3, R4 independently = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, COOH, CONH2; R5 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl], stereoisomers, quaternary ammonium salts thereof, N-oxides thereof and nontoxic salts of the same optionally combined with at least one preventive and/or remedy for HIV infection are prepared as preventives and/or remedies for HIV infection or preventives and/or remedies for AIDS caused by the infection. Thus, the title compound II 2HCl was prepared from N-(tert-butyloxycarbonyl)leucine, N-allyloxycarbonyl-4-piperidine, n-propylamine, and 3,5-dimethyl-1-phenyl-4-formyl-pyrazole via cyclization, on resin prepared from aminomethylated polystyrene hydrchloride.

IT 461023-63-2P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(preparation of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivs. as the active ingredients in prevention or remedy of HIV infection)

II

RN 461023-63-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-1-butyl-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

IT 461024-08-8P 461024-49-7P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of triazaspiro[5.5]undecane derivs. as the active ingredients in prevention or remedy of HIV infection)

RN 461024-08-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3R)-3-[(R)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1-propyl-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

HCl

RN 461024-49-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[4-[[(3S)-1-butyl-3-[(S)-cyclohexylhydroxymethyl]-2,5-dioxo-1,4,9-triazaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)